

Poly[[[diaquacobalt(II)]-bis[μ_2 -1,1'-(butane-1,4-diyl)diimidazole- κ^2 N³:N^{3'}]] dichloride tetrahydrate]

Yu Su, Yan-Jun Hou, Zhi-Zhong Sun, Guang-Feng Hou and Jin-Sheng Gao*

College of Chemistry and Materials Science, Heilongjiang University, Harbin 150080, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: hgf1000@163.com

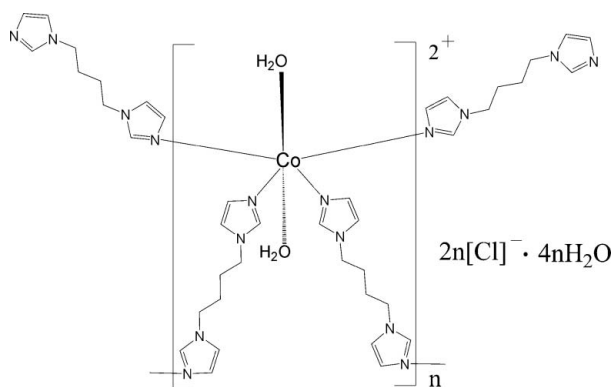
Received 26 February 2009; accepted 1 March 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 291$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.084; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.8.

In the title compound, $\{[\text{Co}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\text{Cl}_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}\}_n$, the Co^{II} atom and the mid-point of the 1,1'-butane-1,4-diyl diimidazole ligands lie on inversion centers. The Co^{II} atom is six-coordinated in a slightly distorted octahedral environment by four N atoms from four different ligands and by two O atoms from the water molecules. The Co^{II} atoms are bridged by the ligands into a (4,4) net. Adjacent nets are linked to the chloride anions and uncoordinated water molecules *via* $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, generating a three-dimensional supramolecular structure.

Related literature

For the synthesis of 1,1'-butane-1,4-diyl diimidazole, see: Ma *et al.* (2003); Yu *et al.* (2008). For a related Co complex, see: Dong & Zhang (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Co}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\text{Cl}_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\gamma = 93.70$ (3) $^\circ$
$M_r = 618.43$	$V = 737.3$ (8) Å ³
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 1$
$a = 7.969$ (6) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 9.979$ (6) Å	$\mu = 0.81$ mm ⁻¹
$c = 10.259$ (7) Å	$T = 291$ K
$\alpha = 114.97$ (2) $^\circ$	$0.44 \times 0.37 \times 0.22$ mm
$\beta = 90.83$ (3) $^\circ$	

Data collection

Rigaku R-Axis RAPID diffractometer	7288 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	3348 independent reflections
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.718$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.842$	3018 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.017$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$	169 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.084$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.14$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.33$ e Å ⁻³
3348 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, $^\circ$).

Co1—N1	2.1265 (18)	Co1—O1	2.1819 (17)
Co1—N3	2.1355 (18)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$.

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H15 \cdots O3 ⁱⁱ	0.85	1.94	2.781 (2)	169
O1—H16 \cdots Cl1	0.85	2.35	3.1728 (19)	165
O2—H17 \cdots Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.32	3.172 (2)	176
O2—H18 \cdots Cl1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.85	2.44	3.292 (3)	175
O3—H19 \cdots O2	0.85	1.99	2.829 (3)	171
O3—H20 \cdots Cl1	0.85	2.41	3.261 (3)	174

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSO, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The authors acknowledge financial support from the National Natural Science Foundation of China (grant Nos. 20872030), the Research Foundation of Heilongjiang Provincial Education Department (grant Nos. 11513073), the Project of the Special Fund of the Science and Technology Innovation People of Harbin (grant Nos. RC2006QN018001) and Heilongjiang University.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2551).

References

- Dong, G.-C. & Zhang, R.-C. (2006). *Acta Cryst.* **E62**, m1847–m1849.
- Higashi, T. (1995). *ABSCOR*. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Ma, J.-F., Yang, J., Zheng, G.-L. & Liu, J.-F. (2003). *Inorg. Chem.* **42**, 7531–7534.
- Rigaku (1998). *RAPID-AUTO*. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Rigaku/MSC (2002). *CrystalStructure*. Rigaku/MSC Inc., The Woodlands, Texas, USA.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Yu, Y.-H., Shi, A.-E., Su, Y., Hou, G.-F. & Gao, J.-S. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **E64**, m628.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m370-m371 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809007478]

Poly[[[diaquacobalt(II)]-bis[μ_2 -1,1'-(butane-1,4-diyl)diimidazole- $\kappa^2N^3:N^3'$]] dichloride tetrahydrate]

Y. Su, Y.-J. Hou, Z.-Z. Sun, G.-F. Hou and J.-S. Gao

Comment

The *L* molecules as a flexible ligand exhibit a variety of supramolecular aggregation patterns (Ma *et al.*, 2003; Dong *et al.*, 2006; Yu *et al.*, 2008). In this paper, we report the new title compound, (I), synthesized by the reaction of *L* molecules and cobalt dichloride in aqua solution.

In (I), each Co^{II} atom is located on a inversion centre and is six-coordinated in an octahedral environment by four N atoms from four different *L* molecules and two O atoms from the two water molecules (Fig. 1). The Co—N and Co—O distances are normal (Table 1). The Co^{II} atoms are bridged by ligands, generating a two-dimensional (4,4)-network (Fig. 2).

The hydrogen bonding cluster, containing the O—H \cdots Cl and O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonding interaction between the chloride anions, uncoordinated water molecules and the coordinated water molecules (Fig. 3), which links the adjacent fishnet planes to a three-dimensional supramolecular structure (Fig. 4, Table 2).

Experimental

L was prepared from imidazole and 1,4-dibromobutane in DMSO (Ma *et al.*, 2003). *L* (0.76 g, 4 mmol) and cobalt dichloride (0.51 g, 4 mmol) were dissolved in hot aqua solution (10 ml) to give a clear solution. The resulting solution was allowed to stand in a desiccator at room temperature for a week, red crystals of (I) were obtained.

Refinement

H atoms bound to C atoms were placed in calculated positions and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic), C—H = 0.97 Å (methylene), and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. Water H atoms were initially located in a difference Fourier map, but they were treated as riding on their parent atoms with O—H = 0.85 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$.

Figures

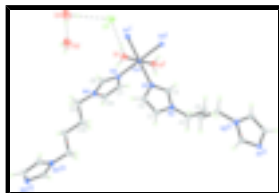


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), showing displacement ellipsoids at the 30% probability level for non-H atoms. Dashed lines indicate the hydrogen-bonding interactions [Symmetry code; (I) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (II) $-x + 2, -y, -z + 2$; (III) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 2$]

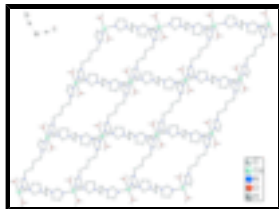


Fig. 2. A partial packing view, showing the two-dimensional (4,4)-network. C-bond H atoms have been omitted.

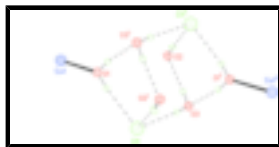


Fig. 3. A showing of the hydrogen bonding cluster in I.

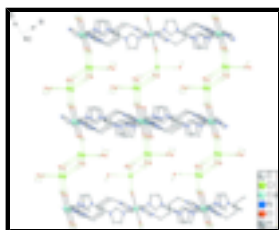


Fig. 4. A Partial packing view, showing the three-dimensional supramolecular structure. Dashed lines indicate the hydrogen-bonding interactions and non-involving H atoms have been omitted.

Poly[[[diaquacobalt(II)]-bis[μ -2-1,1'-(butane-1,4-diyl)diimidazole- κ^2 N³:N^{3'}]] dichloride tetrahydrate]

Crystal data

[Co(C₁₀H₁₄N₄)₂(H₂O)₂]Cl₂·4H₂O

$M_r = 618.43$

Triclinic, *P* $\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 7.969$ (6) Å

$b = 9.979$ (6) Å

$c = 10.259$ (7) Å

$\alpha = 114.97$ (2)°

$\beta = 90.83$ (3)°

$\gamma = 93.70$ (3)°

$V = 737.3$ (8) Å³

$Z = 1$

$F_{000} = 325$

$D_x = 1.393$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 6505 reflections

$\theta = 3.3$ – 27.5 °

$\mu = 0.81$ mm⁻¹

$T = 291$ K

Block, red

$0.44 \times 0.37 \times 0.22$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku R-Axis RAPID
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 291$ K

ω scan

Absorption correction: Multi-scan
(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)

$T_{\min} = 0.718$, $T_{\max} = 0.842$

7288 measured reflections

3348 independent reflections

3018 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.017$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5$ °

$\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.3$ °

$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.084$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0444P)^2 + 0.1566P]$
$S = 1.14$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3348 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
169 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.6521 (2)	0.1455 (2)	0.94674 (17)	0.0354 (4)
H1	0.6695	0.2157	1.0416	0.043*
C2	0.5873 (2)	0.16729 (19)	0.83506 (17)	0.0330 (3)
H2	0.5516	0.2565	0.8409	0.040*
C3	0.64306 (19)	-0.06103 (17)	0.75067 (16)	0.0283 (3)
H3	0.6543	-0.1596	0.6885	0.034*
C4	0.7646 (2)	-0.0765 (2)	0.9698 (2)	0.0382 (4)
H4	0.7167	-0.1783	0.9312	0.046*
H5	0.7386	-0.0288	1.0705	0.046*
C5	0.9543 (2)	-0.07561 (17)	0.95821 (18)	0.0335 (3)
H6	0.9958	-0.1443	0.9931	0.040*
H7	0.9803	-0.1107	0.8576	0.040*
C6	0.2259 (2)	0.22255 (18)	0.64249 (18)	0.0331 (3)
H8	0.2873	0.2993	0.6314	0.040*
C7	0.1451 (2)	0.00888 (18)	0.63070 (18)	0.0325 (3)
H9	0.1409	-0.0916	0.6093	0.039*
C8	0.0303 (2)	0.10224 (18)	0.70471 (18)	0.0344 (4)
H10	-0.0658	0.0784	0.7432	0.041*

supplementary materials

C9	0.0058 (2)	0.3775 (2)	0.7958 (2)	0.0406 (4)
H11	-0.1151	0.3629	0.7760	0.049*
H12	0.0495	0.4529	0.7663	0.049*
C10	0.0423 (3)	0.43001 (19)	0.9552 (2)	0.0438 (4)
H13	0.1630	0.4487	0.9751	0.053*
H14	0.0038	0.3522	0.9832	0.053*
Cl1	0.74821 (7)	0.35621 (5)	0.32791 (5)	0.04818 (14)
Co1	0.5000	0.0000	0.5000	0.02144 (9)
N1	0.58238 (16)	0.03688 (14)	0.71136 (13)	0.0274 (3)
N2	0.68668 (16)	-0.00004 (15)	0.89242 (14)	0.0299 (3)
N3	0.26947 (15)	0.08534 (14)	0.59164 (13)	0.0265 (3)
N4	0.08195 (17)	0.23842 (15)	0.71246 (15)	0.0312 (3)
O1	0.59361 (16)	0.22377 (12)	0.53595 (13)	0.0381 (3)
H15	0.5827	0.3049	0.6089	0.057*
H16	0.6273	0.2429	0.4670	0.057*
O2	0.1615 (2)	0.38041 (17)	0.36469 (18)	0.0668 (5)
H17	0.1812	0.4490	0.4489	0.100*
H18	0.0554	0.3700	0.3490	0.100*
O3	0.4231 (2)	0.49280 (17)	0.24618 (19)	0.0670 (5)
H19	0.3378	0.4575	0.2734	0.100*
H20	0.5121	0.4639	0.2693	0.100*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0329 (8)	0.0426 (9)	0.0241 (7)	0.0052 (7)	0.0005 (6)	0.0074 (7)
C2	0.0328 (8)	0.0345 (8)	0.0280 (7)	0.0091 (6)	0.0016 (6)	0.0086 (7)
C3	0.0268 (7)	0.0319 (8)	0.0256 (7)	0.0010 (6)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0120 (6)
C4	0.0357 (9)	0.0503 (10)	0.0395 (9)	-0.0060 (7)	-0.0089 (7)	0.0314 (8)
C5	0.0354 (9)	0.0321 (8)	0.0369 (8)	0.0016 (6)	-0.0083 (7)	0.0188 (7)
C6	0.0291 (8)	0.0340 (8)	0.0418 (9)	0.0078 (6)	0.0106 (7)	0.0205 (7)
C7	0.0335 (8)	0.0283 (8)	0.0337 (8)	0.0033 (6)	0.0067 (6)	0.0110 (7)
C8	0.0306 (8)	0.0358 (8)	0.0378 (8)	0.0041 (6)	0.0110 (7)	0.0161 (7)
C9	0.0412 (10)	0.0369 (9)	0.0508 (10)	0.0190 (7)	0.0179 (8)	0.0228 (8)
C10	0.0513 (11)	0.0324 (9)	0.0497 (11)	0.0197 (8)	0.0149 (9)	0.0166 (8)
Cl1	0.0565 (3)	0.0506 (3)	0.0353 (2)	-0.0058 (2)	0.0008 (2)	0.0175 (2)
Co1	0.02117 (15)	0.02402 (15)	0.01902 (14)	0.00459 (10)	0.00162 (10)	0.00862 (11)
N1	0.0255 (6)	0.0329 (7)	0.0226 (6)	0.0051 (5)	0.0004 (5)	0.0104 (5)
N2	0.0247 (6)	0.0420 (7)	0.0260 (6)	0.0001 (5)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0179 (6)
N3	0.0235 (6)	0.0316 (6)	0.0256 (6)	0.0061 (5)	0.0038 (5)	0.0127 (5)
N4	0.0290 (7)	0.0328 (7)	0.0353 (7)	0.0105 (5)	0.0103 (5)	0.0166 (6)
O1	0.0505 (8)	0.0261 (6)	0.0355 (6)	0.0007 (5)	0.0115 (5)	0.0110 (5)
O2	0.0597 (10)	0.0521 (9)	0.0657 (10)	0.0088 (7)	-0.0033 (8)	0.0025 (8)
O3	0.0763 (12)	0.0472 (9)	0.0683 (10)	0.0111 (8)	0.0051 (9)	0.0147 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—C2	1.354 (3)	C8—N4	1.363 (2)
C1—N2	1.367 (2)	C8—H10	0.9300

C1—H1	0.9300	C9—N4	1.466 (2)
C2—N1	1.380 (2)	C9—C10	1.508 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	C9—H11	0.9700
C3—N1	1.319 (2)	C9—H12	0.9700
C3—N2	1.348 (2)	C10—C10 ⁱⁱ	1.518 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C10—H13	0.9700
C4—N2	1.468 (2)	C10—H14	0.9700
C4—C5	1.518 (3)	Co1—N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.1265 (18)
C4—H4	0.9700	Co1—N1	2.1265 (18)
C4—H5	0.9700	Co1—N3	2.1355 (18)
C5—C5 ⁱ	1.513 (3)	Co1—N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.1355 (18)
C5—H6	0.9700	Co1—O1	2.1819 (17)
C5—H7	0.9700	Co1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.1819 (17)
C6—N3	1.316 (2)	O1—H15	0.8500
C6—N4	1.345 (2)	O1—H16	0.8501
C6—H8	0.9300	O2—H17	0.8501
C7—C8	1.347 (2)	O2—H18	0.8499
C7—N3	1.378 (2)	O3—H19	0.8500
C7—H9	0.9300	O3—H20	0.8501
C2—C1—N2	106.40 (14)	C9—C10—H13	109.1
C2—C1—H1	126.8	C10 ⁱⁱ —C10—H13	109.1
N2—C1—H1	126.8	C9—C10—H14	109.1
C1—C2—N1	109.55 (16)	C10 ⁱⁱ —C10—H14	109.1
C1—C2—H2	125.2	H13—C10—H14	107.8
N1—C2—H2	125.2	N1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Co1—N1	180.0
N1—C3—N2	111.34 (14)	N1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Co1—N3	93.49 (6)
N1—C3—H3	124.3	N1—Co1—N3	86.51 (6)
N2—C3—H3	124.3	N1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Co1—N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	86.51 (6)
N2—C4—C5	112.55 (14)	N1—Co1—N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	93.49 (6)
N2—C4—H4	109.1	N3—Co1—N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	180.0
C5—C4—H4	109.1	N1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Co1—O1	88.40 (6)
N2—C4—H5	109.1	N1—Co1—O1	91.60 (6)
C5—C4—H5	109.1	N3—Co1—O1	88.99 (6)
H4—C4—H5	107.8	N3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Co1—O1	91.01 (6)
C5 ⁱ —C5—C4	113.60 (19)	N1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Co1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	91.60 (6)
C5 ⁱ —C5—H6	108.8	N1—Co1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	88.40 (6)
C4—C5—H6	108.8	N3—Co1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	91.01 (6)
C5 ⁱ —C5—H7	108.8	N3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Co1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	88.99 (6)
C4—C5—H7	108.8	O1—Co1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	180.0
H6—C5—H7	107.7	C3—N1—C2	105.50 (14)
N3—C6—N4	111.80 (15)	C3—N1—Co1	126.67 (11)
N3—C6—H8	124.1	C2—N1—Co1	127.81 (12)
N4—C6—H8	124.1	C3—N2—C1	107.20 (14)
C8—C7—N3	109.45 (15)	C3—N2—C4	125.39 (15)
C8—C7—H9	125.3	C1—N2—C4	127.34 (14)

supplementary materials

N3—C7—H9	125.3	C6—N3—C7	105.19 (14)
C7—C8—N4	106.96 (15)	C6—N3—Co1	128.87 (11)
C7—C8—H10	126.5	C7—N3—Co1	125.19 (11)
N4—C8—H10	126.5	C6—N4—C8	106.59 (14)
N4—C9—C10	111.41 (14)	C6—N4—C9	126.86 (15)
N4—C9—H11	109.3	C8—N4—C9	126.17 (14)
C10—C9—H11	109.3	Co1—O1—H15	128.5
N4—C9—H12	109.3	Co1—O1—H16	121.2
C10—C9—H12	109.3	H15—O1—H16	108.9
H11—C9—H12	108.0	H17—O2—H18	106.8
C9—C10—C10 ⁱⁱ	112.6 (2)	H19—O3—H20	109.6

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y, -z+2$; (ii) $-x, -y+1, -z+2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1—H15 \cdots O3 ^{iv}	0.85	1.94	2.781 (2)	169
O1—H16 \cdots Cl1	0.85	2.35	3.1728 (19)	165
O2—H17 \cdots Cl1 ^{iv}	0.85	2.32	3.172 (2)	176
O2—H18 \cdots Cl1 ^v	0.85	2.44	3.292 (3)	175
O3—H19 \cdots O2	0.85	1.99	2.829 (3)	171
O3—H20 \cdots Cl1	0.85	2.41	3.261 (3)	174

Symmetry codes: (iv) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (v) $x-1, y, z$.

Fig. 1

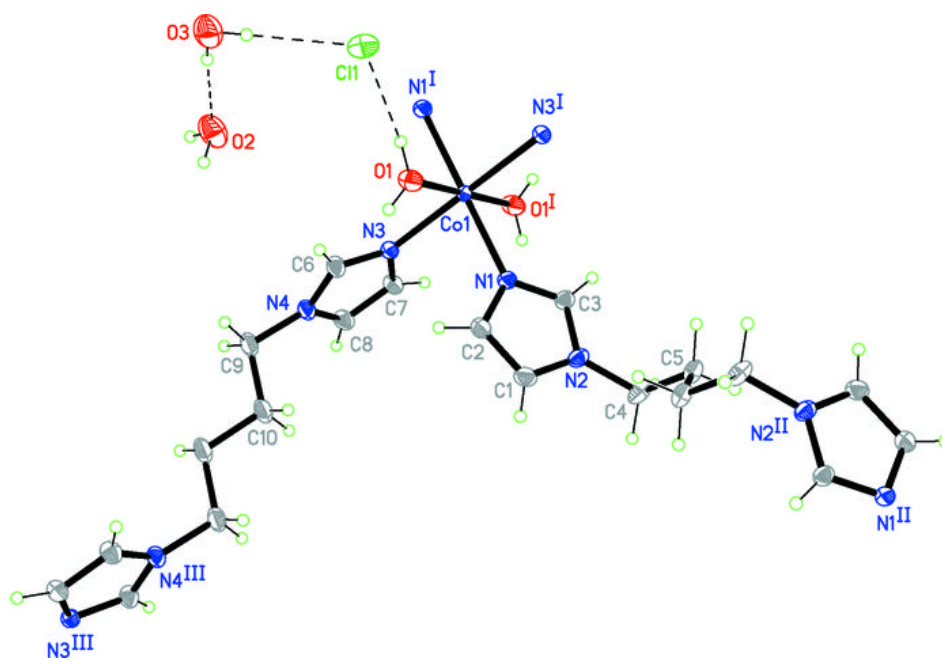


Fig. 2

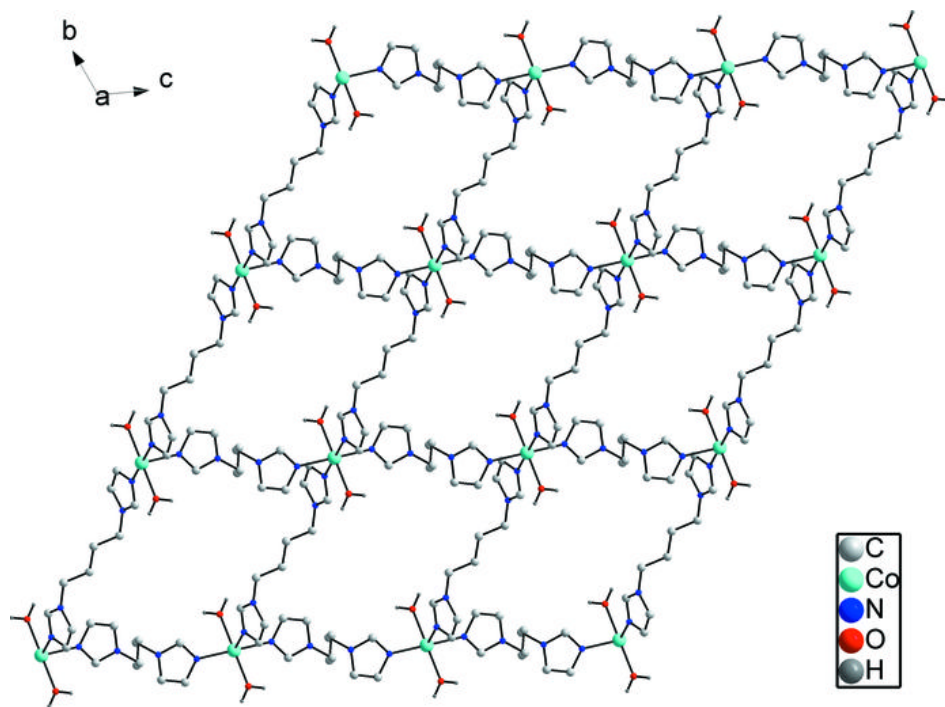


Fig. 3

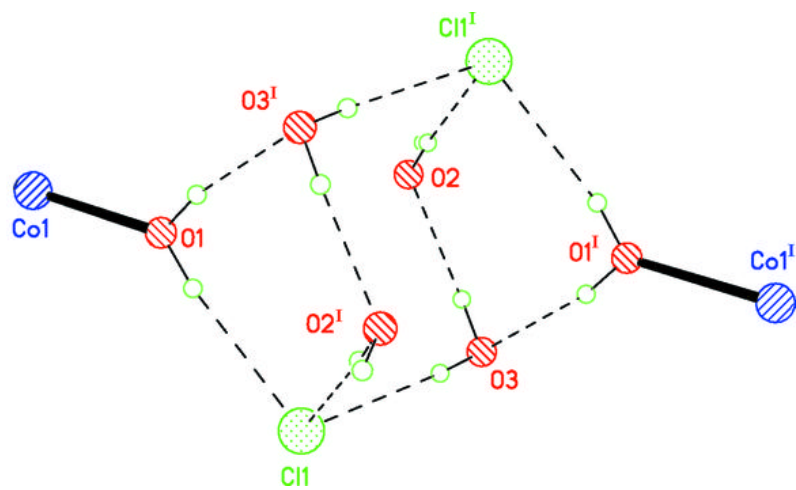


Fig. 4

